WAYBACKMACHIVE		http://www.pursueaction.org/book-review-tomorrows-table/				Go		JAN MAY MAR Close		
MAARACKIIIICIIIIIG	5 captures 23 Jan 11 - 2 Apr 16							2010 201:	2016	Help ?
			_	~	•				С	ontact Us
• Home	TION FOR A JUST	WORLD.	U	8		STAY CO first name JOIN EM		TED enter y last r Washington, D.C		SUBMIT
 About Us Our Mis Our Wo Who W About ti Gallery Take Action 	ork e Are					FIND EN	/ENTS	Ë SF N	YC DC	
Book Revie	ew: Tomo	rrow's Tab	le							
by Nina Budabin McQuo	wn on July 21, 2010									
Tomorrow's table										
							- MOST RE	CENT PHOTO GAL	LERIES —	
	F	or months now. I'	ve been aetti	ing emails f	rom food		INSID ACTIVI STUDI	THE CON		

For months now, I've been getting emails from food sustainability organizations with subject lines like "Kiss Your Organics Goodbye!" and "48 Hours to Stop Monsanto's GM Alfalfa!" They're in reference to a genetically modified strain of alfalfa that is in testing for public use by the United States Department of Agriculture.

What's wrong with the alfalfa? Well, for one thing, it's made by Monsanto, a corporation with a reputation for lawsuit slinging and questionable ethics. It's also "roundup ready," meaning it's engineered to withstand applications of Monsanto's herbicide "roundup," so farmers can slather on the weed killer without worrying about damaging their crop. But plenty of sustainability advocates would simply tell you that what's wrong with the alfalfa is that it's a GMO-that is, a genetically modified organism produced through human engineering.

Enter Pamela Ronald and Raoul Adamchak, a couple of garden-tending, organic-eating, hen-raising, vegetarian academics who think this alfalfa is a good thing. Adamchak runs the organic student farm at the famed University of California, Davis agricultural program, hoeing melons and solarizing carrots for a living. Ronald, Adamchak's wife, is the chair of the Plant Genomics program at UC Davis where she genetically modifies rice for traits like the ability to withstand a flood.

The couple wrote a book together called *Tomorrow's Table* in which they make the case that those two activities –genetic engineering and hoeing–are just two forms of weed control. In separate chapters from their two perspectives, Ronald and Adamchak try to convince their readers that organic and genetic engineering (GE) are not antithetical to one another and there's no reason why they can't both have a prominent place in the toolbox of sustainable agriculture as it's applied to fix this broken food system. They argue, in my opinion convincingly, that the genetic engineering of plants is just a tool, and that sustainability activists should be fighting for its careful application, rather than against its very existence.

There's a second important focus of the book: transparency and the lack thereof. And this is the part that's of special interest to Jewish sustainability activists-according to halakha (and Rabbi Steve Greenberg), in any exchange, the seller has a moral obligation to provide full information on his or her product, and the buyer has the right to full transparency. But we eat in a system that protects the rights of companies not to disclose their ingredients, and we vote in a system where hysteria and propaganda are way more common than reason and transparency. So the onus is, finally, on us both to seek



STAY CONNECTED



• Subscribe to the Blog

Enter your email to get each new blog post in your inbox.

transparency in what we read and to supply it in what we write. In *Tomorrow's Table* Ronald hopes that by giving readers full information on what genetic engineering entails, she'll allow them to come to their own conclusion that the process itself is nothing to be afraid of.

In terms of transparency, the most pertinent chapter is the one on politics, in which Ronald debunks some of the less-than-transparent methods of activists in the sustainability community by showing that our arguments against genetic engineering are based on limited or suspect research. Her consummate example is a flyer distributed in one California county urging voters to pass a proposition that would ban growing any genetically modified crops whatsoever. The flyer cites the results from a "study" that, as Ronald shows, seems to have been carried out by a teenager at home with no independent verification except for the pride of the kid's own mother. It does make that particular county look pretty silly, but more importantly, it points to the sometimesdubious rhetoric and lack of citations within the sustainability movement-rhetoric for which we can and should take responsibility as a community.

Not that Ronald is a paragon of transparency-the flyer she's discussing is a pathetically easy target. On the same issue (the safety of genetically engineered produce in our bodies and in the fields) she might have discussed the less flashy, but more commonly cited claims of Árpád Pusztai, who's an actual scientist, or Mae Wan Ho, who's a scientist with anti-GE studies published in peer-reviewed journals. Both of these scientists have been repudiated plenty of times, and it wouldn't strain Ronald to go a round with them.

Still, when it comes to transparency, her overall point is valid-we've been relying on a lot of alarmist rhetoric when it comes to GE, so much so that your author, a long time reader and writer on sustainability blogs and signer of petitions, is feeling a bit sheepish of late. I've noticed that the anti-GE alfalfa articles I read are generally characterized by calls for "more testing" while simultaneously vowing to continue the fight even if the USDA approves the seeds when the tests are concluded. Those mixed messages undermine our credibility as a group, and as individuals, they undermine our ability to respond meaningfully to questions about the issues we believe in.

Ultimately, if *Tomorrow's Table*'s conclusions are accurate, I think they are good news. After all, if, as Ronald and Adamchak claim, there is nothing fundamentally wrong with genetic engineering as a method of plant breeding, then we can stop trying to convince people that there is, and instead we can focus on the concrete issues of patenting, ownership, and lawsuits. We can talk about how these miracle products–like the much touted golden rice that you see in Monsanto's TV spots and read about in *Tomorrow's Table*-have been stuck in development and distribution limbo for years while somehow the financially-beneficial-but-totally-useless-to-anyone-who-doesn't-have-a-weed-problem "roundup ready" seeds shoot through the approval process like a greased (or anyway, greasier) weasel. We can talk about how heinous lawsuits against American farmers and the lack of necessary support for their most vulnerable customers make Monsanto directly and indirectly responsible for bankruptcy and death all over the world. We can talk, in short, about the policy issues and the policy solutions that might actually make a difference in how, and for whose benefit, GE technology is deployed.

Nina Budabin McQuown also blogs at The Jew and the Carrot.

🔶 Tweet 🖪 Share 6 🚺 Like 6

Tagged as: books, food justice

Share

{ 2 trackbacks }

The Jew and the Carrot » Blog Archive » Book Review: Tomorrow's Table - Voice of the New Jewish Food Movement July 29, 2010 at 6:01 pm

Book Review: Tomorrow's Table | Apple Cider July 30, 2010 at 8:14 am

{ 5 comments... read them below oradd one }



1 daniel July 21, 2010 at 4:05 pm

I have some serious problems with this book. I've listened to their lectures and they are downright distorting some truths. I've never had the time to react properly, but for one thing, in their Long Now lecture last year, they claimed that the Rodale Institute endorsed their book. That is a big claim that is patently false.

I also have a problem with this statement by the blog author: [Pamela Ronald and Raoul Adamchak] "think this alfalfa is a good thing."



Delivered by FeedBurner

• Tags

action AJWS AVODAH Bay Area books boston campaigns celebration change-makers chicago city team community CSA domestic policy domestic workers education environmental justice **EVENDS** fair trade feminism food justice foreign assistance reform gallery get out the vote haiti heschel holidays human rights immigration innovation inside the activists studio inspiration interfaith jewish social justice careers jobs judaism justice and jewish thought kashrut labor leadership LGBT media meet the change money music mussar new orleans news **NEW YORK CITY nu Partners** passover prayer prison reform race religion Service shabbat skills Sudan tikkun olam torah tzedakah washington d.c. women

Search

To search, type and hit ϵ

THIS alfalfa? Really? Really?



see also http://www.grist.org/article/can-gmo-seeds-be-sustainable



daniel July 21, 2010 at 4:12 pm

and also, in response to a Pam Ronald NYT op ed, some letters: http://www.nytimes.com/2010/05/24/opinion/l24genetic.html



Pam Ronald July 21, 2010 at 5:21 pm

Nina,

Thanks for taking time to review our book.

One small point, I do discuss the pusztai work a couple times in the book. Also I have not seen any peer-reviewed study by Mae Wan Ho about the safety of GE crops. I would be surprised if she had such a study, because she is not a biologist or agronomist. She is a physicist I believe.

Daniel, a correction. We did not say Rodale endorsed our book. We said Organic Gardening magazine (Rodale institute) reviewed our book.

"We found the book insightful and well-documented." — Organic Gardening Magazine

For the full review see this link: http://pamelaronald.blogspot.com/2008/11/organic-approach-is-as-old-asdirt.html

Some info for your readers: most US cheese is made with GE rennet. Because there are no animal ingredients, it is Kosher.

2

5 Nina Budabin McQuown July 26, 2010 at 11:07 pm

First, Daniel, thanks for the links. Distortion of truths is exactly what I wanted to discuss here, so I'm definitely interested in the particulars of what's bothering you about Tomorrow's Table. In the NYTimes letters, most people's issues seem to be with Monsanto, while Grist is taking issue with the fact that there haven't been appreciable results in terms of yield or reductions of pesticide usage. Those are totally legitimate responses to GMO's current use, but they aren't issues with the process of genetic engineering or its safety. That's the point the book's authors are making, I'd say — that the technique itself is not a problem and could be a solution—whether or not it might solve the problems of those of us who aren't Monsanto, as the Grist article points out, is an argument about resource allocation, not the safety of genetic engineering as a method of breeding.

As far as the alfalfa goes, yes, this alfalfa. Ronald and Adamchak discuss it as an alternative to diuron, a pesticide that is more persistent in ground-water than roundup and is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. On page 111, Dr. Ronald quotes an advisor in the UC Cooperative Extension as hoping that Monsanto's GE

resistant alfalfa will improve water quality in the area.

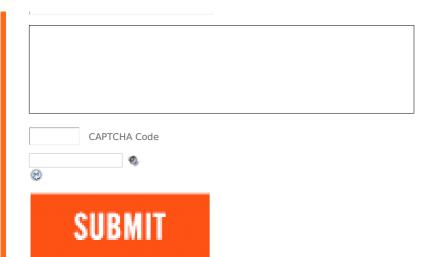
Thanks very much to Dr. Ronald for her response. Reading through again, I see that she does cite Dr. Pusztai's experiment on page 81, my apologies for missing that. And finally, as to kosher cheese and gmos, I'd love to take some more time to go over the ins and outs of it, hopefully in an upcoming post. In the meantime, you can find a bit of information on rennet and what makes cheese kosher and unkosher from a past-post on the Jew and the Carrot and its well-informed commentators here: http://jcarrot.org/the-dairy-down-low

Leave a Comment

Name (required)

E-mail (will not be published) (required)

Website



Previous post: Gender and the Jailhouse

Next post: Chewing on Food Justice - Fruits of our Labor

ACTION FOR A JUST WORLD.

A Project of :



Jewish change-makers are inspired, motivated and fiercely smart. Jewish values urge us to question injustice, act, and take collective responsibility. Pursue sparks and sustains social change by channeling the unlimited passion and potential of Jewish change-makers in their 20s and 30s into action for a more just world.

Copyright 2010 Privacy Policy